

Application of Biosecurity





Understand legislative requirements Aspire to build resilience **Contract specifications** Resource

Disseminate information Don't underestimate the cost of ignorance



Plant Health Risk Register

Routine 'Keep it Clean'

Pest or pathogen specific

Own practice

Consider others

Contractors / Staff



Reduce stresses Take remedial action (mulching, watering, etc)

Inspections – consider pests and pathogens

Tree pit design Aftercare of newly planted trees















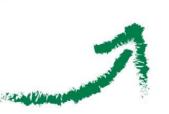


The right tree in the right place **Expand suitable** species used Size and origin of stock Avoid monocultures Plan for future climate Refer to guidance

(Forestry Commission/TDAG)



Consider source of services and products Meet your commitments / standards of practice Favour local sources **Develop supplier relationships** Undertake audits and site inspections Request evidence to support statements









Define roles and responsibilities Eradicate / Contain / Adapt Record keeping **Established support**

> network Liaise with Plant **Health Authority**



AA's Guidance Note 2: Application of biosecurity in arboriculture Forestry e-learning biosecurity training

Pest and pathogen information (Observatree, Plant Health Authority)

> Sources of additional information (AA, LTOA, etc)

Plant Health Professional Register

Experience sharing and case studies

Learn your pathways



climbing

equipment



plants







clothes





material*











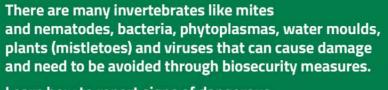




Don't give

ests and

an easy ride



Learn how to report signs of dangerous tree pests and diseases.

Cases of ill health found in trees across the UK and Ireland should be reported through: In England, Scotland and Wales, use Forest Research's TreeAlert at: Northern Ireland use forestresearch.gov.uk/ TreeCheck which can tools-and-resources/ www.treecheck.net



